

What is Claimed is:  
CLAIMS

1. A method of obtaining selected pectin fractions having successively increasing setting times, the method comprising subjecting a starting material containing high-esterified pectin to a first treatment cycle comprising a step of extracting the starting material with an aqueous medium at an acidic pH under conditions where only part of the pectin content is extracted, separating the pectin extract from the treated starting material and recovering the pectin from the extract to obtain a first pectin fraction, followed by at least one further treatment cycle whereby the treated starting material extracted in the preceding cycle is treated to obtain a second and optionally one or more further pectin fractions, the pH of the extraction medium in each of the second and further cycles being lower than in the immediately preceding treatment cycle.
2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the pectin-containing starting material is a pectin-containing material which has been subjected to a pre-treatment.
3. A method according to claim 1 wherein the pH of the aqueous medium is in the range of 1 to 4.
4. A method according to claim 1 wherein the pectin-containing material is derived from a native vegetable material in a fresh or dried state.
5. A method according to claim 1 wherein the pectin-containing material is the solid extraction residue from the preceding extraction step.
6. A method according to claim 1 wherein the extraction is carried out at a temperature in the range of from 40°C to 100°C for a period of time of from 1 to 20 hours.

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21. A method of stabilizing an acidified milk product comprising adding to the milk product an amount of a pectin  
5 fraction as defined in claim 17, the addition of the fraction resulting in an improvement of the milk product, the improvement is selected from the group consisting of at least 10% reduction in viscosity, at least 10% smaller particles and at least 10% less sediment, as compared to the addition of the  
10 same amount of a bulk-extracted pectin product.

23. A method of obtaining a deesterified pectin fraction, comprising subjecting a selected pectin fraction obtainable by the method of any of claims 1-16 and having a degree of esterification which is 50% or higher, to at least one de-  
20 esterification treatment step comprising reacting the high-esterified pectin fraction with a deesterifying agent to obtain a pectin fraction having a degree of esterification (DE) which is reduced by at least 5% relative to that of the high-esterified pectin fraction and a degree of amidation  
25 (DA) which is in the range of 0-25.

25. A method according to claim 23 wherein the resulting de-esterified pectin fraction has a DE which is at the most 70%

such as less than 60%, including less than 50% such as less than 45%.

26. A method according to claim 25 wherein the deesterified pectin fraction has a DE which is in the range of 20-45.

5 27. A method according to claim 23 wherein the deesterifying agent is selected from the group consisting of an acid and ammonia.

28. A method according to claim 27 wherein the deesterification comprises heat treatment of the selected pectin fraction in an aqueous solution or suspension in the presence of an acid to give a pH of at the most 1.2

29. A method according to claim 27, wherein the deesterification occurs in a reaction mixture having a content of pectin dry matter which is in the range of from 1 to 5% by weight.

15 30. A method according to claim 27 wherein the deesterified  
pectin fraction is recovered from the reaction mixture by  
adjusting the pH of the mixture to a value in the range of  
from 3 to 5 by the addition of a base, followed by precipita-  
tion of the deesterified pectin fraction in a water-miscible  
20 organic solvent or into a homogeneous solution of a water-  
miscible organic solvent and water and separating the pre-  
cipitated pectin fraction.

31. A method according to claim 23 wherein the obtained  
deesterified pectin fraction has a degree of amidation which  
25 is in the range of from 5 to 25, including the range of 15 to  
25.

32. A method according to claim 23 wherein the ratio between the degree of esterification and the degree of amidation in the resulting deesterified pectin fraction is at least 0.75, such as in the range of 0.75 to 2.00 including the range of 1.0 to 1.5, e.g. in the range of 1.0 to 1.2.

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